

## WHAT IS AYURVEDA?

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Ayurveda is a comprehensive system of natural medicine that originated in India more than 5,000 years ago. The word "Ayurveda" is derived from the Sanskrit terms "Ayur," meaning life, and "Veda," meaning knowledge or science. Thus, Ayurveda translates to "the science of life."

## **PRINCIPLES**

At its core, Ayurveda focuses on maintaining health and preventing disease through a balanced and holistic approach. It views each person as a unique individual, considering their physical, emotional, and spiritual wellbeing. The primary goal of Ayurveda is to achieve a harmonious balance within the body, mind, and spirit.

Ayurveda places a strong emphasis on preventive care. By understanding an individual's unique constitution and current imbalances, practitioners can offer personalized advice to prevent disease and maintain optimal health. This holistic approach ensures that all aspects of a person's life are considered, leading to a more profound and lasting sense of well-being.



#### THE DOSHAS



A fundamental concept in
Ayurveda is the theory of the three
doshas: Vata, Pitta, and Kapha.
These doshas are bio-energetic
forces that govern all
physiological and psychological
functions in the body and mind.
Each person has a unique
constitution, or Prakriti,
determined by the dominant
doshas at the time of their
conception. Understanding and
balancing these doshas is essential
for maintaining health.

- Vata is associated with air and space elements and governs movement, including breathing, circulation, and nerve impulses.
   People with a dominant Vata dosha tend to be creative, energetic, and quick-thinking but may also be prone to anxiety and dryness.
- Pitta is linked to fire and water elements and governs digestion, metabolism, and energy production. Those with a dominant Pitta dosha are typically intelligent, ambitious, and driven but can also experience irritability and inflammation.
- Kapha is connected to earth and water elements and controls structure, stability, and lubrication in the body.
   Individuals with a dominant Kapha dosha are usually calm, steady, and compassionate but may struggle with lethargy and weight gain.



## DIAGNOSTIC TECHNIQUES

Ayurvedic practitioners use various diagnostic techniques to determine an individual's dosha balance and health status. These include:

- Pulse diagnosis (Nadi Pariksha)
- Tongue examination
- Observation of skin, eyes, and nails
- Detailed questioning about lifestyle, diet, and emotional state



# THERAPIES & TREATMENTS

Ayurveda offers a wide range of therapies and treatments to restore balance and promote health:

- Diet and Nutrition: Customized dietary recommendations based on one's dosha(s) to promote balance and prevent disease.
- Herbal Medicine: Use of natural herbs and formulations to support healing and maintain health.
- Yoga and Meditation: Practices to harmonize the body, mind, and spirit, reduce stress, and enhance overall well-being.
- Massage and Body
   Treatments: Techniques like
   Abhyanga (oil massage) to
   improve circulation, remove
   toxins, and promote relaxation
- Lifestyle Modifications:
   Guidance on daily routines,
   sleep, exercise, and stress
   management tailored to an
   individual's constitution.



### **CONTACT ME**

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